

# BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR PEOPLE GROUP RESEARCH

## General Sources

### ENCYCLOPEDIAS

**Encyclopedia of World Cultures**, edited by David Levinson. Boston, MA: G.K. Hall, 1991-2002. This is a 10-volume set, with an additional 11th volume published as a supplement. The volumes are organized by region of the world, and contain brief (2-8 page) profiles of people groups in that region. The profiles contain important information such as alternate names for the group, linguistic affiliations, information on culture and history, and a list of sources for further research. This set is based on decades of research performed by the Human Relations Area Files project at Yale University.

**Worldmark Encyclopedia of Cultures and Daily Life**, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, edited by Timothy L. Gall. Farmington Hills, MI: Gale Research, 2009. This is a 5-volume set, organized by region of the world, which presents articles exploring the way of life of over 500 culture groups worldwide. Each article contains sections on the group's location, language, folklore, religion, holidays, rites of passage, interpersonal relations, living conditions, family life, clothing, food, education, cultural heritage, work, sports, entertainment and recreation, folkarts, social problems, and includes a bibliography of sources.

**Countries and Their Cultures**, edited by Melvin Ember and Carol R. Ember. New York: Macmillan Reference, 2001. This is a 4-volume set, with articles arranged alphabetically by country name. These articles focus on what is commonly shared culturally by the people who live in a country. This resource is very useful when concentrating on the "majority" population of a country, rather than individual people groups (e.g., Venezuelans, rather than the Piaroa tribe.)

**Encyclopedia of the Peoples of the World**, by Amiram Gonen. New York: Henry Holt and Company, 1993. This one-volume encyclopedia contains entries on over 2,000 people groups around the world. It has extensive cross-references and can be very useful in identifying alternate names for a people group.

**Encyclopedia of Stateless Nations: Ethnic and National Groups Around the World**, edited by James Minahan. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 2002. This 4-volume set contains 350 short articles highlighting the historical, political, social, religious and economic development of many national groups, many of them virtually unknown outside their countries.

**The Illustrated Encyclopedia of Mankind**, edited by Richard Carlisle. New York: Marshall Cavendish, 1990. This 22-volume set contains articles on over 500 different peoples and cultures. Although it is an older resource, the cultural information is still very useful.

**Encyclopedia of Urban Cultures: Cities and Cultures Around the World**, edited by Melvin Ember and Carol R. Ember. Danbury, CT: Grolier, 2002. This 4-volume set was published under the auspices of the Human Relations Area Files at Yale University. It contains both thematic essays on major issues in urban culture, as well as 240 profiles of cities around the world.

**Encyclopedia of the World's Minorities**, edited by Karl Skutsch. NY: Routledge, 2005. This is a 3-volume set which has over 560 entries, including those on topics, nations, groups and individuals who figure significantly in the history of minority peoples.

## SPECIALIZED REFERENCE BOOKS—MULTIREGIONAL

**Muslim Peoples: A World Ethnographic Survey**, by Richard V. Weekes, 2nd edition. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1984. Although some of the information is outdated, this is still an important resource. This 2-volume work contains information on over 190 ethnic or linguistic groups, and many of the chapters have extensive bibliographies.

**Peoples on the Move: Introducing the Nomads of the World**, by David J. Phillips. Pasadena, CA: William Carey Library, 2001. This book contains several valuable chapters covering general topics, such as a definition of nomads and communicating the Gospel to nomads, as well as a survey of about 200 nomadic peoples in every region of the world. It includes an extensive and detailed bibliography.

**Ethnic Groups Worldwide: A Ready Reference Handbook**, by David Levinson. Phoenix, AZ: Oryx Press, 1998. This book is separated into four geographical regions: Europe, Africa, Asia and the Pacific, and the Americas. Within each region, there are chapters for each country containing specific information on the ethnic groups of that country.

**Ethnologue: Languages of the World**, 16<sup>th</sup> ed., M. Paul Lewis, editor. Dallas, TX: SIL International, 2009. This is an exhaustive survey of the world's languages, organized by country. It is an excellent source for identifying ethnolinguistic people groups, and is particularly valuable for providing alternate names for groups, as well as information on language families. It is available in book format or online at: <http://www.ethnologue.com/>

## DATABASES

**Please check with your local public or academic library for the availability of databases that could be useful in people group research.** Some helpful ones are:

**Anthroplogy Plus**, OCLC, available through the First Search service. This is a combination of two databases, *Anthropological Index (U.K.'s Royal Anthropological Institute)* and *Anthropological Literature (U.S., Harvard University)*. It offers worldwide coverage of core periodicals in social, cultural, physical, biological and linguistic anthropology; ethnology; folklore; material culture and interdisciplinary studies spanning the late 19<sup>th</sup> century to the present.

**Dissertation Abstracts**, University Microfilms, ProQuest. Available through many online services, this database provides information on dissertations from most of the major U.S. universities, and many British and European institutions.

**ATLA Religion Database**, Chicago, IL: American Theological Library Association. This database is available online as well as in print. It includes citations to journal articles, chapters in books, essays and dissertations going back to the 1940s, and is searchable by people group name.

**FirstSearch**, OCLC, Inc. This resource consists of several databases, including WorldCat, a combined listing of thousands of library catalogs. WorldCat is very helpful in locating books that your local library may not own, but that could be borrowed through "interlibrary loan." There are many other databases that can be accessed through FirstSearch, depending on the subscription package chosen by each library.

**Dialog**, ProQuest. This is actually a group of several hundred separate databases that share common searching protocols. The subjects covered range from history and anthropology to business and technical/scientific areas. There are both full-text and citation databases included, and each one has its own pricing structure.

**LexisNexis**, a division of Reed-Elsevier. This is one of many full-text news databases available. It can be helpful in obtaining current articles about people groups or cities from newspapers, magazines and wire services.

## INTERNET RESOURCES

**Note: Internet addresses (URLs) change frequently. If any of these links do not work, just search for the name of the resource, e.g. "Joshua Project."**

**Google:** [www.google.com](http://www.google.com) There is a tremendous amount of information available on the Internet on people groups. Using the right "search engine" can help you locate this information in the most efficient manner. Google is a very useful search engine for accessing Internet resources. Helpful hints for making the best use of it include:

--Use the "Advanced Search" screen for searching for general sources. You can enter all of the alternate names for a people group in the field called "with at least one of the words," and Google will search for all of them. If you wish to limit your search to a people group in a particular country, you can add that country name in the field called "with the exact phrase."

--If you want to find news stories about a people group, use the "News" search feature.

--If you want to find pictures of a people group, try using the "Images" search feature.

**Peoplegroups.org:** [www.peoplegroups.org](http://www.peoplegroups.org) This site contains the database created by the Global Research Department of the International Mission Board. The database is a comprehensive global list of people groups and provides information such as language, primary religion, availability of the Jesus film and status of evangelization.

**Joshua Project:** <http://www.joshuaproject.net/> This is another good site for unreached people group profiles. It can be searched by country or by people group name. A helpful feature is that the profiles often contain links to additional sources of information.

**Ethnologue:** <http://www.ethnologue.com/> This site contains a comprehensive database of languages and dialects, searchable by language name or by country.

**Commission Stories:** <http://www.commissionstories.com/> This link takes you to the online version of the IMB's publication *Commission Stories*. There are a number of articles here on people groups. Additional information can be accessed by clicking on the link "Archives."

**Amazon:** [www.amazon.com](http://www.amazon.com) This is one of the world's largest online bookstores. A new feature allows you to search the entire text of many books.

**Library of Congress:** [www.loc.gov](http://www.loc.gov) This link takes you to the web site for one of the largest and most comprehensive research libraries in the world. While the Library of Congress rarely lends its books, this site can be useful for identifying materials that might be borrowed from other libraries.

**Yale University Library:** <http://www.library.yale.edu/> This link takes you to the online site for the library at Yale University, which has an especially strong collection in anthropology.

**CIA World Factbook:** <https://www.cia.gov/library/publications/the-world-factbook/> This is the online version of an annual guide to country information, published by the Central Intelligence Agency.

**Country Studies:** <http://lcweb2.loc.gov/frd/cs/cshome.html> This website contains the on-line versions of books previously published in hard copy by the [Federal Research Division](#) of the Library of Congress under the Country Studies/Area Handbook Program.

**WorldCat:** [www.worldcat.org](http://www.worldcat.org) This is the public version of the OCLC WorldCat database, a combined catalog of libraries from around the world. It can be searched by title, author and subject. One extremely useful feature is that, after you have selected a title you are interested in, you can enter your location information (city or zip code) and the system will tell you which libraries in your area own the item.

## RESOURCES ON LANGUAGE AND LINGUISTICS

**Atlas of the World's Languages**, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Christopher Moseley and R.E. Asher, general editors. New York: Routledge, 2007. This atlas is actually a detailed scholarly survey of languages of the world, with large country and regional maps showing where different languages are spoken.

**Compendium of the World's Languages**, George L. Campbell, editor. London and New York: Routledge, 1991. This is a two-volume reference set; entries are arranged by language name. Wherever possible, the first eight verses of St. John's Gospel are provided, as an example of each language's written form.

**Ethnologue: Languages of the World**, 16<sup>th</sup> ed., M. Paul Lewis, editor. Dallas, TX: SIL International, 2009. This is an exhaustive survey of the world's languages, organized by country. It is an excellent source for identifying ethnolinguistic people groups, and is particularly valuable for providing alternate names for groups, as well as information on language families. It is available in book format or online at: <http://www.ethnologue.com/>

**Encyclopedia of Language and Linguistics**, R.E. Asher, editor-in-chief. Oxford: Pergamon Press, 1994. A 10-volume resource which provides brief information on the language situation of different countries.

**International Encyclopedia of Linguistics**, William Bright, editor. New York: Oxford University Press, 1992. This four-volume set provides brief overviews of languages in different countries and cultures.

8/28/09